{deleted text} shows text that was in HB0240 but was deleted in HB0240S01.

inserted text shows text that was not in HB0240 but was inserted into HB0240S01.

DISCLAIMER: This document is provided to assist you in your comparison of the two bills. Sometimes this automated comparison will NOT be completely accurate. Therefore, you need to read the actual bills. This automatically generated document could contain inaccuracies caused by: limitations of the compare program; bad input data; or other causes.

Representative Raymond P. Ward proposes the following substitute bill:

DRIVER LICENSE REVISIONS

2020 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Steve Eliason
Senate Sponsor:

LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill revises provisions in the Uniform Driver License Act.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- requires the Driver License Division of the Department of Public Safety, upon request from an individual and subject to certain written verification, to include an identifying {symbol}sticker on the individual's driver license or identification card to indicate that the individual is an individual with a disability; and
- makes technical changes.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

Other Special Clauses:

This bill provides a special effective date.

Utah Code Sections Affected:

AMENDS:

46-1-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 192

53-3-207 (Superseded 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350

53-3-207 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232

53-3-805, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 39

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section 46-1-2 is amended to read:

46-1-2. Definitions.

As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Acknowledgment" means a notarial act in which a notary certifies that a signer, whose identity is personally known to the notary or proven on the basis of satisfactory evidence, has admitted, in the presence of the notary, to voluntarily signing a document for the document's stated purpose.
 - (2) "Before me" means that an individual appears in the presence of the notary.
 - (3) "Commission" means:
 - (a) to empower to perform notarial acts; or
- (b) the written document that gives authority to perform notarial acts, including the Certificate of Authority of Notary Public that the lieutenant governor issues to a notary.
- (4) "Copy certification" means a notarial act in which a notary certifies that a photocopy is an accurate copy of a document that is neither a public record nor publicly recorded.
- (5) "Electronic recording" means the audio and video recording, described in Subsection 46-1-3.6(3), of a remote notarization.
- (6) "Electronic seal" means an electronic version of the seal described in Section 46-1-16, that conforms with rules made under Subsection 46-1-3.7(1)(d), that a remote notary may attach to a notarial certificate to complete a remote notarization.
 - (7) "Electronic signature" means the same as that term is defined in Section 46-4-102.
 - (8) "In the presence of the notary" means that an individual:

- (a) is physically present with the notary in close enough proximity to see and hear the notary; or
- (b) communicates with a remote notary by means of an electronic device or process that:
- (i) allows the individual and remote notary to communicate with one another simultaneously by sight and sound; and
 - (ii) complies with rules made under Section 46-1-3.7.
 - (9) "Jurat" means a notarial act in which a notary certifies:
 - (a) the identity of a signer who:
 - (i) is personally known to the notary; or
 - (ii) provides the notary satisfactory evidence of the signer's identity;
- (b) that the signer affirms or swears an oath attesting to the truthfulness of a document; and
 - (c) that the signer voluntarily signs the document in the presence of the notary.
- (10) "Notarial act" or "notarization" means an act that a notary is authorized to perform under Section 46-1-6.
 - (11) "Notarial certificate" means the affidavit described in Section 46-1-6.5 that is:
 - (a) a part of or attached to a notarized document; and
 - (b) completed by the notary and bears the notary's signature and official seal.
- (12) (a) "Notary" means an individual commissioned to perform notarial acts under this chapter.
 - (b) "Notary" includes a remote notary.
- (13) "Oath" or "affirmation" means a notarial act in which a notary certifies that a person made a vow or affirmation in the presence of the notary on penalty of perjury.
- (14) "Official misconduct" means a notary's performance of any act prohibited or failure to perform any act mandated by this chapter or by any other law in connection with a notarial act.
- (15) (a) "Official seal" means the seal described in Section 46-1-16 that a notary may attach to a notarial certificate to complete a notarization.
 - (b) "Official seal" includes an electronic seal.
 - (16) "Personally known" means familiarity with an individual resulting from

interactions with that individual over a period of time sufficient to eliminate every reasonable doubt that the individual has the identity claimed.

- (17) "Remote notarization" means a notarial act performed by a remote notary in accordance with this chapter for an individual who is not in the physical presence of the remote notary at the time the remote notary performs the notarial act.
- (18) "Remote notary" means a notary that holds an active remote notary certification under Section 46-1-3.5.
 - (19) (a) "Satisfactory evidence of identity" means:
- (i) for both an in-person and remote notarization, identification of an individual based on:
- (A) subject to Subsection (19)(b), valid personal identification with the individual's photograph, signature, and physical description that the United States government, any state within the United States, or a foreign government issues;
 - (B) subject to Subsection (19)(b), a valid passport that any nation issues; or
- (C) the oath or affirmation of a credible person who is personally known to the notary and who personally knows the individual; and
- (ii) for a remote notarization only, a third party's affirmation of an individual's identity in accordance with rules made under Section 46-1-3.7 by means of:
- (A) dynamic knowledge-based authentication, which may include requiring the individual to answer questions about the individual's personal information obtained from public or proprietary data sources; or
- (B) analysis of the individual's biometric data, which may include facial recognition, voiceprint analysis, or fingerprint analysis.
- (b) "Satisfactory evidence of identity," for a remote notarization, requires the identification described in Subsection (19)(a)(i)(A) or passport described in Subsection (19)(a)(i)(B) to be verified through public or proprietary data sources in accordance with rules made under Section 46-1-3.7.
 - (c) "Satisfactory evidence of identity" does not include:
 - (i) a driving privilege card under Subsection 53-3-207[(10)](11); or
 - (ii) another document that is not considered valid for identification.
 - (20) "Signature witnessing" means a notarial act in which an individual:

- (a) appears in the presence of the notary and presents a document;
- (b) provides the notary satisfactory evidence of the individual's identity, or is personally known to the notary; and
 - (c) signs the document in the presence of the notary.
 - Section 2. Section 53-3-207 (Superseded 07/01/20) is amended to read:
- 53-3-207 (Superseded 07/01/20). License certificates or driving privilege cards issued to drivers by class of motor vehicle -- Contents -- Release of anatomical gift information -- Temporary licenses or driving privilege cards -- Minors' licenses, cards, and permits -- Violation.
 - (1) As used in this section:
- (a) "Driving privilege" means the privilege granted under this chapter to drive a motor vehicle.
- (b) "Governmental entity" means the state and its political subdivisions as defined in this Subsection (1).
- (c) "Political subdivision" means any county, city, town, school district, public transit district, community reinvestment agency, special improvement or taxing district, local district, special service district, an entity created by an interlocal agreement adopted under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, or other governmental subdivision or public corporation.
- (d) "State" means this state, and includes any office, department, agency, authority, commission, board, institution, hospital, college, university, children's justice center, or other instrumentality of the state.
- (2) (a) The division shall issue to every person privileged to drive a motor vehicle, a regular license certificate, a limited-term license certificate, or a driving privilege card indicating the type or class of motor vehicle the person may drive.
- (b) A person may not drive a class of motor vehicle unless granted the privilege in that class.
- (3) (a) Every regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card shall bear:
 - (i) the distinguishing number assigned to the person by the division;
 - (ii) the name, birth date, and Utah residence address of the person;

- (iii) a brief description of the person for the purpose of identification;
- (iv) any restrictions imposed on the license under Section 53-3-208;
- (v) a photograph of the person;
- (vi) a photograph or other facsimile of the person's signature;
- (vii) an indication whether the person intends to make an anatomical gift under Title 26, Chapter 28, Revised Uniform Anatomical Gift Act, unless the driving privilege is extended under Subsection 53-3-214(3); and
- (viii) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), if the person states that the person is a veteran of the United States military on the application for a driver license in accordance with Section 53-3-205 and provides verification that the person was granted an honorable or general discharge from the United States Armed Forces, an indication that the person is a United States military veteran for a regular license certificate or limited-term license certificate issued on or after July 1, 2011.
- (b) A regular license certificate or limited-term license certificate issued to any person younger than 21 years on a portrait-style format as required in Subsection [(5)] (6)(b)(i) is not required to include an indication that the person is a United States military veteran under Subsection (3)(a)(viii).
- (c) A new license certificate issued by the division may not bear the person's Social Security number.
- (d) (i) The regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card shall be of an impervious material, resistant to wear, damage, and alteration.
- (ii) Except as provided under Subsection [(4)] (5)(b), the size, form, and color of the regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card shall be as prescribed by the commissioner.
- (iii) The commissioner may also prescribe the issuance of a special type of limited regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card under Subsection 53-3-220(4).
 - (4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4) \{\frac{1}{12}}
- (i) }, "{Disability} disability" means a physical or mental disability, as defined and covered by the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 12102.
- { (ii) "Health care professional" means:

- (A) a licensed physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or mental health therapist; or
- (B) another licensed health care professional designated by the division, by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
- (b) At the applicant's request, the division shall include an identifying {symbol}sticker on the regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card to indicate that the applicant is an individual with a disability, if the applicant provides written verification{ from a health care professional} that the applicant is an individual with a disability.
- (c) The written verification described in Subsection (4)(b) shall be made on a form provided by the division.
 - (d) The division may not:
- (i) charge a fee to include the disability identifying {symbol} sticker described in Subsection (4)(b) on the applicant's regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card; or
- (ii) require the applicant to provide subsequent written verification that the applicant is an individual with a disability for including the disability identifying \{\frac{\symbol\}{\sticker}}\ on the applicant's renewed or extended regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card, after including the disability identifying \{\frac{\symbol\}{\sticker}}\ on the applicant's previously issued regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card in accordance with Subsection (4)(b).
- (e) The inclusion of a disability identifying {symbol} sticker on an individual's regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card in accordance with Subsection (4)(b) does not confer any legal rights or privileges on the individual, including parking privileges for individuals with disabilities under Section 41-1a-414.
- [(4)] (5) (a) (i) The division, upon determining after an examination that an applicant is mentally and physically qualified to be granted a driving privilege, may issue to an applicant a receipt for the fee if the applicant is eligible for a regular license certificate or limited-term license certificate.
- (ii) (A) The division shall issue a temporary regular license certificate or temporary limited-term license certificate allowing the person to drive a motor vehicle while the division

is completing its investigation to determine whether the person is entitled to be granted a driving privilege.

- (B) A temporary regular license certificate or a temporary limited-term license certificate issued under this Subsection [(4)] (5) shall be recognized and have the same rights and privileges as a regular license certificate or a limited-term license certificate.
- (b) The temporary regular license certificate or temporary limited-term license certificate shall be in the person's immediate possession while driving a motor vehicle, and it is invalid when the person's regular license certificate or limited-term license certificate has been issued or when, for good cause, the privilege has been refused.
- (c) The division shall indicate on the temporary regular license certificate or temporary limited-term license certificate a date after which it is not valid as a temporary license.
- (d) (i) Except as provided in Subsection [(4)] (5)(d)(ii), the division may not issue a temporary driving privilege card or other temporary permit to an applicant for a driving privilege card.
- (ii) The division may issue a learner permit issued in accordance with Section 53-3-210.5 to an applicant for a driving privilege card.
- [(5)] (6) (a) The division shall distinguish learner permits, temporary permits, regular license certificates, limited-term license certificates, and driving privilege cards issued to any person younger than 21 years of age by use of plainly printed information or the use of a color or other means not used for other regular license certificates, limited-term license certificates, or driving privilege cards.
- (b) The division shall distinguish a regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card issued to any person:
- (i) younger than 21 years of age by use of a portrait-style format not used for other regular license certificates, limited-term license certificates, or driving privilege cards and by plainly printing the date the regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card holder is 21 years of age, which is the legal age for purchasing an alcoholic beverage or alcoholic product under Section 32B-4-403; and
- (ii) younger than 19 years of age, by plainly printing the date the regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card holder is 19 years of age, which is the legal age for purchasing tobacco products under Section 76-10-104.

- [(6)] (7) The division shall distinguish a limited-term license certificate by clearly indicating on the document:
 - (a) that it is temporary; and
 - (b) its expiration date.
- [(7)] (8) (a) The division shall only issue a driving privilege card to a person whose privilege was obtained without providing evidence of lawful presence in the United States as required under Subsection 53-3-205(8).
 - (b) The division shall distinguish a driving privilege card from a license certificate by:
 - (i) use of a format, color, font, or other means; and
- (ii) clearly displaying on the front of the driving privilege card a phrase substantially similar to "FOR DRIVING PRIVILEGES ONLY -- NOT VALID FOR IDENTIFICATION".
- [(8)] (9) The provisions of Subsection [(5)] (6)(b) do not apply to a learner permit, temporary permit, temporary regular license certificate, temporary limited-term license certificate, or any other temporary permit.
- [(9)] (10) The division shall issue temporary license certificates of the same nature, except as to duration, as the license certificates that they temporarily replace, as are necessary to implement applicable provisions of this section and Section 53-3-223.
- [(10)] (11) (a) A governmental entity may not accept a driving privilege card as proof of personal identification.
- (b) A driving privilege card may not be used as a document providing proof of a person's age for any government required purpose.
 - [(11)] (12) A person who violates Subsection (2)(b) is guilty of an infraction.
- [(12)] (13) Unless otherwise provided, the provisions, requirements, classes, endorsements, fees, restrictions, and sanctions under this code apply to a:
- (a) driving privilege in the same way as a license or limited-term license issued under this chapter; and
- (b) limited-term license certificate or driving privilege card in the same way as a regular license certificate issued under this chapter.
 - Section 3. Section 53-3-207 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:
- 53-3-207 (Effective 07/01/20). License certificates or driving privilege cards issued to drivers by class of motor vehicle -- Contents -- Release of anatomical gift

information -- Temporary licenses or driving privilege cards -- Minors' licenses, cards, and permits -- Violation.

- (1) As used in this section:
- (a) "Driving privilege" means the privilege granted under this chapter to drive a motor vehicle.
 - (b) "Governmental entity" means the state or a political subdivision of the state.
- (c) "Political subdivision" means any county, city, town, school district, public transit district, community reinvestment agency, special improvement or taxing district, local district, special service district, an entity created by an interlocal agreement adopted under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, or other governmental subdivision or public corporation.
- (d) "State" means this state, and includes any office, department, agency, authority, commission, board, institution, hospital, college, university, children's justice center, or other instrumentality of the state.
- (2) (a) The division shall issue to every individual privileged to drive a motor vehicle, a regular license certificate, a limited-term license certificate, or a driving privilege card indicating the type or class of motor vehicle the individual may drive.
- (b) An individual may not drive a class of motor vehicle unless granted the privilege in that class.
- (3) (a) Every regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card shall bear:
 - (i) the distinguishing number assigned to the individual by the division;
 - (ii) the name, birth date, and Utah residence address of the individual;
 - (iii) a brief description of the individual for the purpose of identification;
 - (iv) any restrictions imposed on the license under Section 53-3-208;
 - (v) a photograph of the individual;
 - (vi) a photograph or other facsimile of the person's signature;
- (vii) an indication whether the individual intends to make an anatomical gift under Title 26, Chapter 28, Revised Uniform Anatomical Gift Act, unless the driving privilege is extended under Subsection 53-3-214(3); and
 - (viii) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), if the individual states that the individual

is a veteran of the United States military on the application for a driver license in accordance with Section 53-3-205 and provides verification that the individual was granted an honorable or general discharge from the United States Armed Forces, an indication that the individual is a United States military veteran for a regular license certificate or limited-term license certificate issued on or after July 1, 2011.

- (b) A regular license certificate or limited-term license certificate issued to an individual younger than 21 years on a portrait-style format as required in Subsection [(5)] (6)(b) is not required to include an indication that the individual is a United States military veteran under Subsection (3)(a)(viii).
- (c) A new license certificate issued by the division may not bear the individual's social security number.
- (d) (i) The regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card shall be of an impervious material, resistant to wear, damage, and alteration.
- (ii) Except as provided under Subsection [(4)] (5)(b), the size, form, and color of the regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card shall be as prescribed by the commissioner.
- (iii) The commissioner may also prescribe the issuance of a special type of limited regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card under Subsection 53-3-220(4).
 - (4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4) {:
- (i) <u>}</u>, "{Disability} disability" means a physical or mental disability, as defined and covered by the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 12102.
- { (ii) "Health care professional" means:
- (A) a licensed physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or mental health therapist; or
- (B) another licensed health care professional designated by the division, by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
- (b) At the applicant's request, the division shall include an identifying {symbol}sticker on the regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card to indicate that the applicant is an individual with a disability, if the applicant provides written verification{ from a health care professional} that the applicant is an individual with a

disability.

- (c) The written verification described in Subsection (4)(b) shall be made on a form provided by the division.
 - (d) The division may not:
- (i) charge a fee to include the disability identifying {symbol} sticker described in Subsection (4)(b) on the applicant's regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card; or
- (ii) require the applicant to provide subsequent written verification that the applicant is an individual with a disability for including the disability identifying {symbol}sticker on the applicant's renewed or extended regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card, after including the disability identifying {symbol}sticker on the applicant's previously issued regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card in accordance with Subsection (4)(b).
- (e) The inclusion of a disability identifying {symbol} sticker on an individual's regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card in accordance with Subsection (4)(b) does not confer any legal rights or privileges on the individual, including parking privileges for individuals with disabilities under Section 41-1a-414.
- [(4)] (5) (a) (i) The division, upon determining after an examination that an applicant is mentally and physically qualified to be granted a driving privilege, may issue to an applicant a receipt for the fee if the applicant is eligible for a regular license certificate or limited-term license certificate.
- (ii) (A) The division shall issue a temporary regular license certificate or temporary limited-term license certificate allowing the individual to drive a motor vehicle while the division is completing its investigation to determine whether the individual is entitled to be granted a driving privilege.
- (B) A temporary regular license certificate or a temporary limited-term license certificate issued under this Subsection [(4)] (5) shall be recognized and have the same rights and privileges as a regular license certificate or a limited-term license certificate.
- (b) The temporary regular license certificate or temporary limited-term license certificate shall be in the individual's immediate possession while driving a motor vehicle, and it is invalid when the individual's regular license certificate or limited-term license certificate

has been issued or when, for good cause, the privilege has been refused.

- (c) The division shall indicate on the temporary regular license certificate or temporary limited-term license certificate a date after which it is not valid as a temporary license.
- (d) (i) Except as provided in Subsection [(4)] (5)(d)(ii), the division may not issue a temporary driving privilege card or other temporary permit to an applicant for a driving privilege card.
- (ii) The division may issue a learner permit issued in accordance with Section 53-3-210.5 to an applicant for a driving privilege card.
- [(5)] (6) (a) The division shall distinguish learner permits, temporary permits, regular license certificates, limited-term license certificates, and driving privilege cards issued to any individual younger than 21 years of age by use of plainly printed information or the use of a color or other means not used for other regular license certificates, limited-term license certificates, or driving privilege cards.
- (b) The division shall distinguish a regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card issued to an individual younger than 21 years of age by use of a portrait-style format not used for other regular license certificates, limited-term license certificates, or driving privilege cards and by plainly printing the date the regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card holder is 21 years of age.
- [(6)] (7) The division shall distinguish a limited-term license certificate by clearly indicating on the document:
 - (a) that it is temporary; and
 - (b) its expiration date.
- [(7)] (8) (a) The division shall only issue a driving privilege card to an individual whose privilege was obtained without providing evidence of lawful presence in the United States as required under Subsection 53-3-205(8).
 - (b) The division shall distinguish a driving privilege card from a license certificate by:
 - (i) use of a format, color, font, or other means; and
- (ii) clearly displaying on the front of the driving privilege card a phrase substantially similar to "FOR DRIVING PRIVILEGES ONLY -- NOT VALID FOR IDENTIFICATION".
- [(8)] (9) The provisions of Subsection [(5)] (6)(b) do not apply to a learner permit, temporary permit, temporary regular license certificate, temporary limited-term license

certificate, or any other temporary permit.

- [(9)] (10) The division shall issue temporary license certificates of the same nature, except as to duration, as the license certificates that they temporarily replace, as are necessary to implement applicable provisions of this section and Section 53-3-223.
- [(10)] (11) (a) A governmental entity may not accept a driving privilege card as proof of personal identification.
- (b) A driving privilege card may not be used as a document providing proof of an individual's age for any government required purpose.
 - [(11)] (12) A person who violates Subsection (2)(b) is guilty of an infraction.
- [(12)] (13) Unless otherwise provided, the provisions, requirements, classes, endorsements, fees, restrictions, and sanctions under this code apply to a:
- (a) driving privilege in the same way as a license or limited-term license issued under this chapter; and
- (b) limited-term license certificate or driving privilege card in the same way as a regular license certificate issued under this chapter.

Section 4. Section 53-3-805 is amended to read:

53-3-805. Identification card -- Contents -- Specifications.

- (1) (a) The division shall issue an identification card that bears:
- (i) the distinguishing number assigned to the [person] individual by the division;
- (ii) the name, birth date, and Utah residence address of the [person] individual;
- (iii) a brief description of the [person] individual for the purpose of identification;
- (iv) a photograph of the [person] individual;
- (v) a photograph or other facsimile of the [person's] individual's signature;
- (vi) an indication whether the [person] individual intends to make an anatomical gift under Title 26, Chapter 28, Revised Uniform Anatomical Gift Act; and
- (vii) if the [person] individual states that the [person] individual is a veteran of the United States military on the application for an identification card in accordance with Section 53-3-804 and provides verification that the [person] individual received an honorable or general discharge from the United States Armed Forces, an indication that the [person] individual is a United States military veteran for a regular identification card or a limited-term identification card issued on or after July 1, 2011.

- (b) An identification card issued by the division may not bear the [person's] individual's Social Security number or place of birth.
- (2) (a) The card shall be of an impervious material, resistant to wear, damage, and alteration.
- (b) Except as provided under Section 53-3-806, the size, form, and color of the card is prescribed by the commissioner.
- (3) At the applicant's request, the card may include a statement that the applicant has a special medical problem or allergies to certain drugs, for the purpose of medical treatment.
 - (4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4) {:
- (i) <u>\(\) "{Disability} disability</u>" means the same as that term is defined in Subsection <u>53-3-207(4).</u>
- (ii) "Health care professional" means the same as that term is defined in Subsection 53-3-207(4).}
- (b) At the applicant's request, the division shall include an identifying {symbol}sticker on the identification card to indicate that the applicant is an individual with a disability, if the applicant provides written verification{ from a health care professional} that the applicant is an individual with a disability.
- (c) The written verification described in Subsection (4)(b) shall be made on a form provided by the division.
 - (d) The division may not:
- (i) charge a fee to include the disability identifying {symbol} sticker described in Subsection (4)(b) on the applicant's identification card; or
- (ii) require the applicant to provide subsequent written verification that the applicant is an individual with a disability for including the disability identifying {symbol}sticker on the applicant's extended identification card, after including the disability identifying {symbol}sticker on the applicant's previously issued identification card in accordance with Subsection (4)(b).
- (e) The inclusion of a disability identifying {symbol} sticker on an individual's identification card in accordance with Subsection (4)(b) does not confer any legal rights or privileges on the individual, including parking privileges for individuals with disabilities under Section 41-1a-414.

- [(4)] (5) (a) The indication of intent under Subsection 53-3-804(2)(j) shall be authenticated by the applicant in accordance with division rule.
- (b) (i) Notwithstanding Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act, the division may, upon request, release to an organ procurement organization, as defined in Section 26-28-102, the names and addresses of all [persons] individuals who under Subsection 53-3-804(2)(j) indicate that they intend to make an anatomical gift.
 - (ii) An organ procurement organization may use released information only to:
 - (A) obtain additional information for an anatomical gift registry; and
 - (B) inform applicants of anatomical gift options, procedures, and benefits.
- [(5)] (6) Notwithstanding Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act, the division may release to the Department of Veterans and Military Affairs the names and addresses of all [persons] individuals who indicate their status as a veteran under Subsection 53-3-804(2)(1).
- [(6)] (7) The division and its employees are not liable, as a result of false or inaccurate information provided under Subsection 53-3-804(2)(j) or (l), for direct or indirect:
 - (a) loss;
 - (b) detriment; or
 - (c) injury.
- [(7)] (8) (a) The division may issue a temporary regular identification card to [a person] an individual while the [person] individual obtains the required documentation to establish verification of the information described in Subsections 53-3-804(2)(a), (b), (c), (d), and (i)(i).
- (b) A temporary regular identification card issued under this Subsection [(7)] (8) shall be recognized and grant the [person] individual the same privileges as a regular identification card.
- (c) A temporary regular identification card issued under this Subsection [(7)] (8) is invalid:
 - (i) when the [person's]individual's regular identification card has been issued;
- (ii) when, for good cause, an applicant's application for a regular identification card has been refused; or

(iii) upon expiration of the temporary regular identification card.

Section 5. Effective date.

This bill takes effect on May 12, 2020, except that the amendments to Section 53-3-207 (Effective 07/01/20) take effect on July 1, 2020.